



# **Enabling Reliable and Real-Time Packet Reception in User-Defined Overlapping LoRa Channels**

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# LoRa today

Deployed in various scenarios e.g.,

- Production line management in the **factory**.
- Intelligent meter reading in the **city**.
- Soil moisture monitoring in the **farmland**.



**FACTORY**



**CITY**



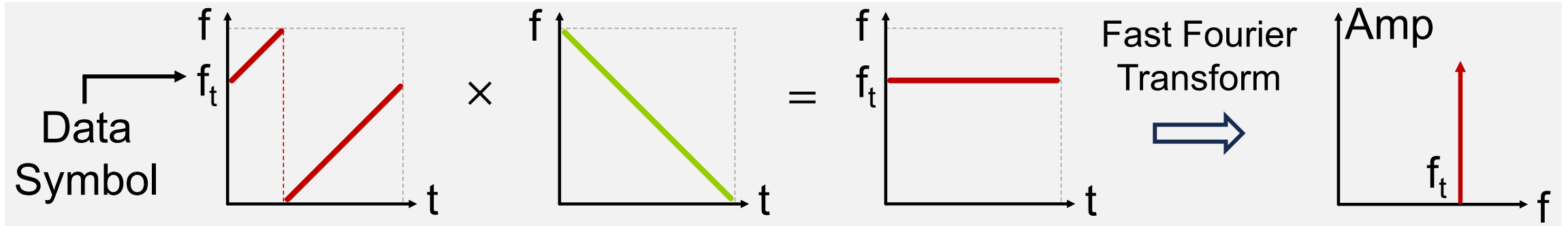
**FARMLAND**

# LoRa primer

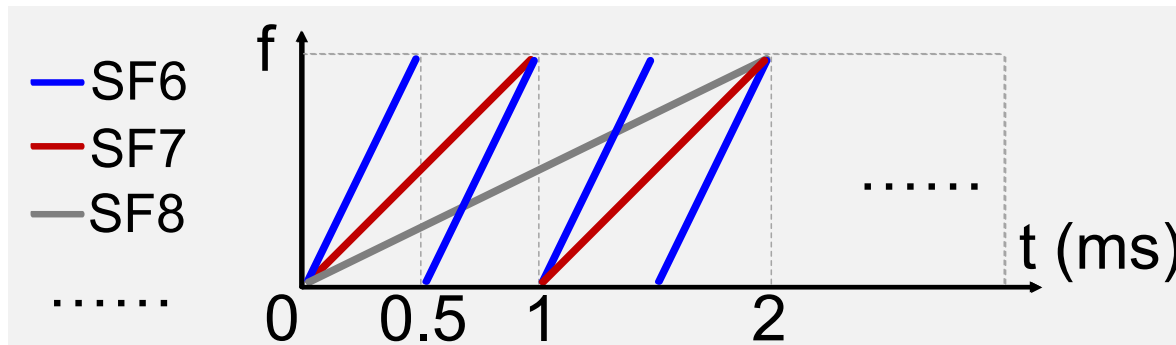
## Physical layer: Chirp Spreading Spectrum (CSS)

- Linear chirp in time-frequency domain.

### Modulation and Demodulation



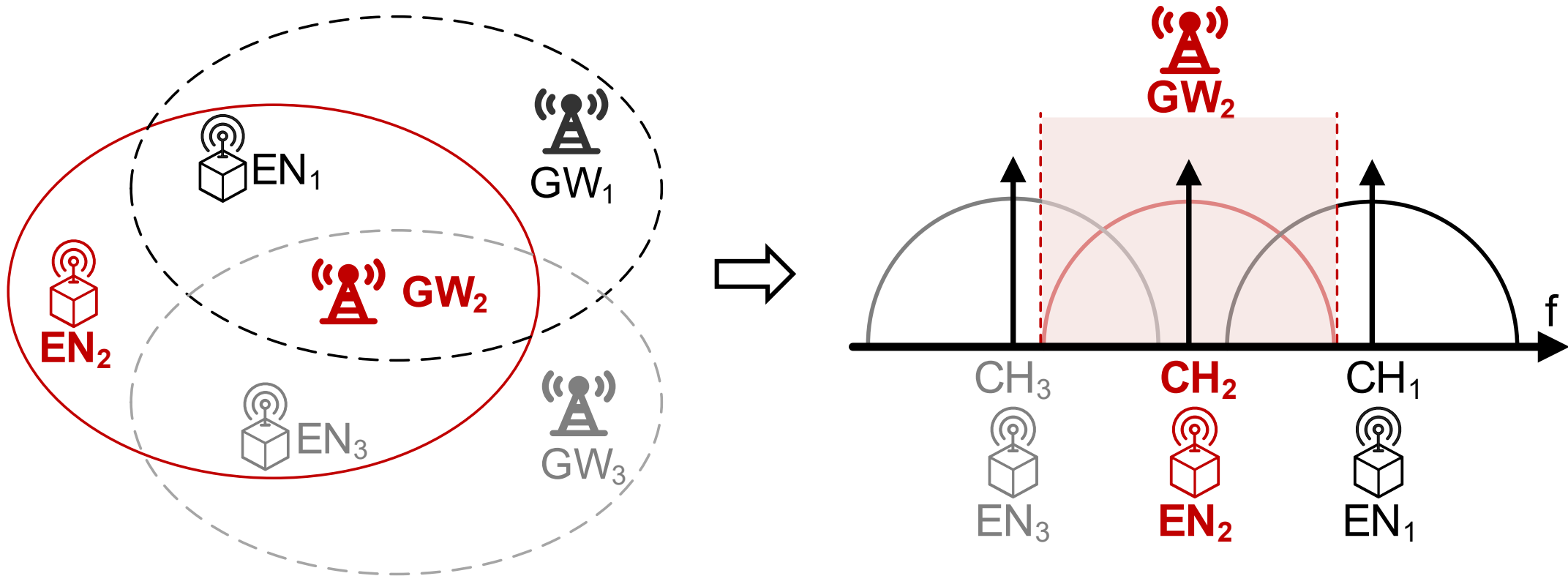
### Orthogonality between different Spreading Factor (SF)



*Is LoRa already sufficient to support large-scale connectivity?*

# Problem: overlapping channel interference

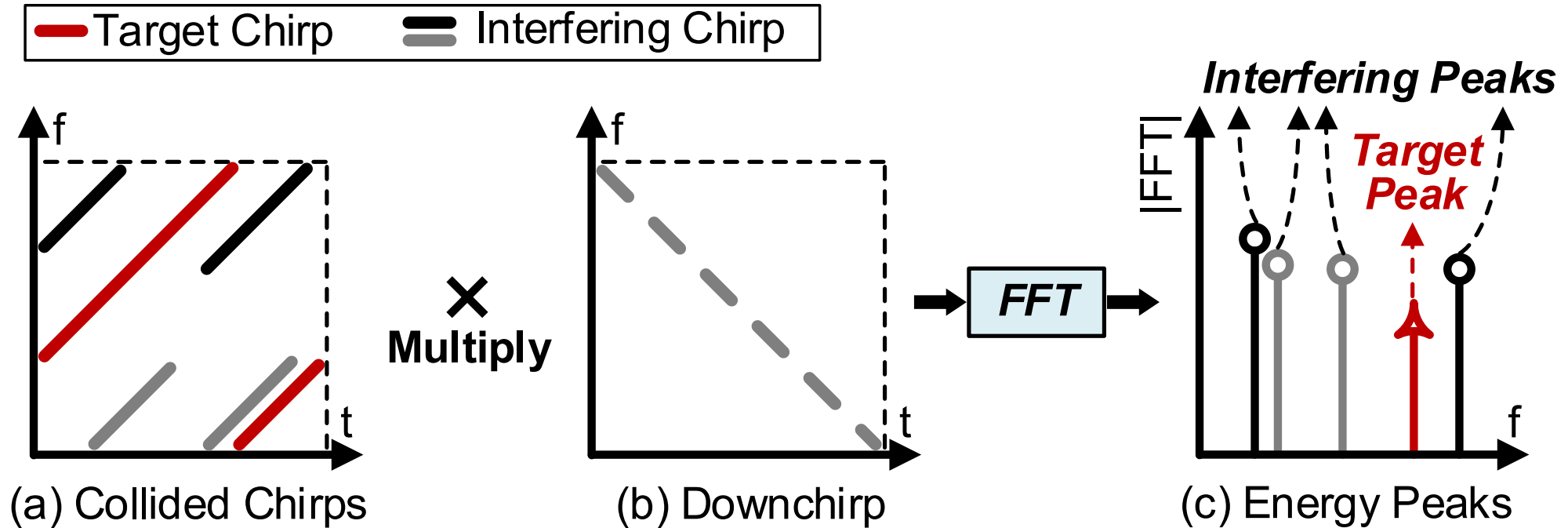
**Massive LoRa devices** and **limited uplink spectrum** inevitably leads to increased packet collisions in overlapping logical channels.



***OCl: the interference among multiple overlapping logical channels.***

# Problem: overlapping channel interference

OCI: the interference among multiple overlapping logical channels.

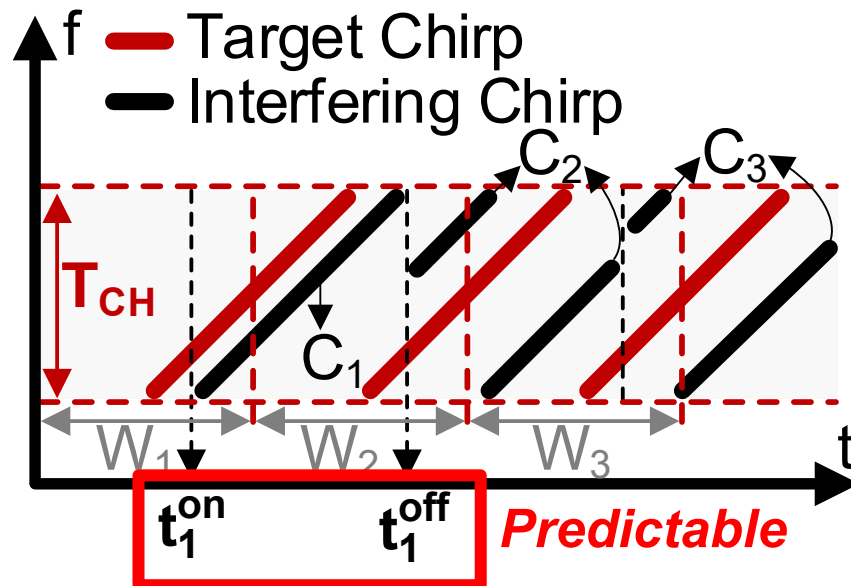


***Goal: achieve reliable LoRa transmission under OCI***

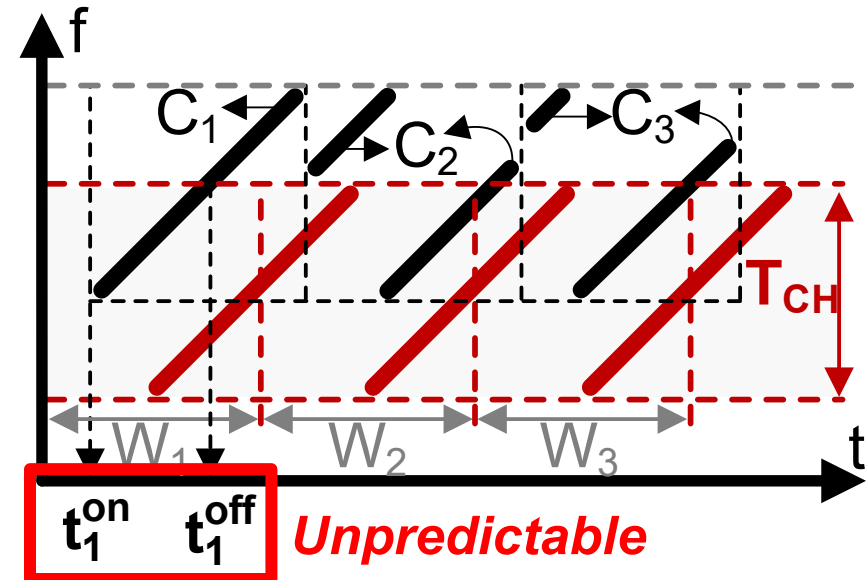
# Weakness of existing methods

| Category                 | Key Idea                                               | Failure Cause                                             |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Concurrency Demodulation | Leveraging the arrival time of chirps to decouple      | Unpredictable onset and offset times for incomplete chirp |
| Collision Avoidance      | Schedule nodes to use single channel in different time | Cannot assign channels for different networks             |

Intra-channel interference

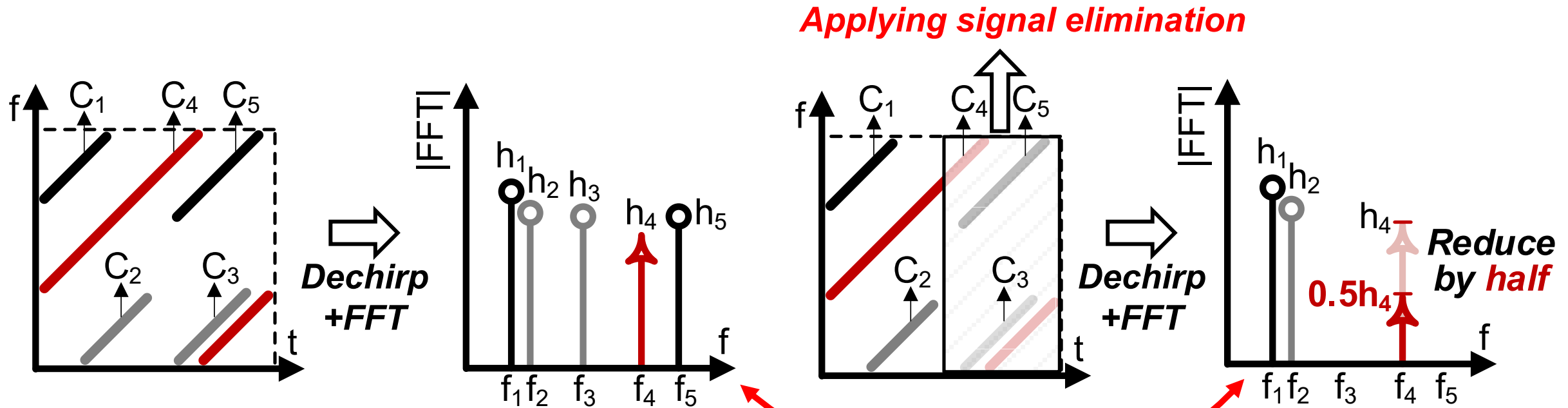


Overlapping channel interference



# Insight: different onset and offset times

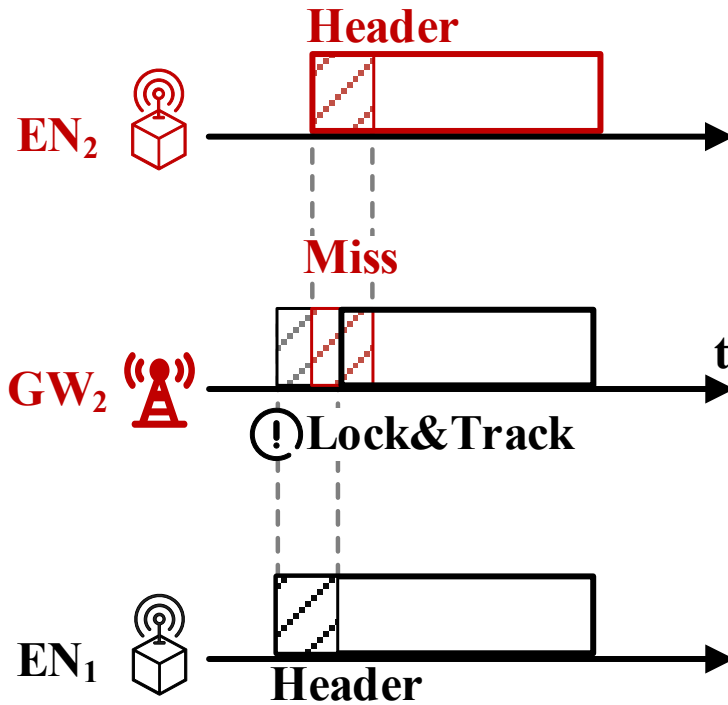
Target chirp always have **stable** time-domain distribution but interfering chirps in partially overlapping channel are **not**.



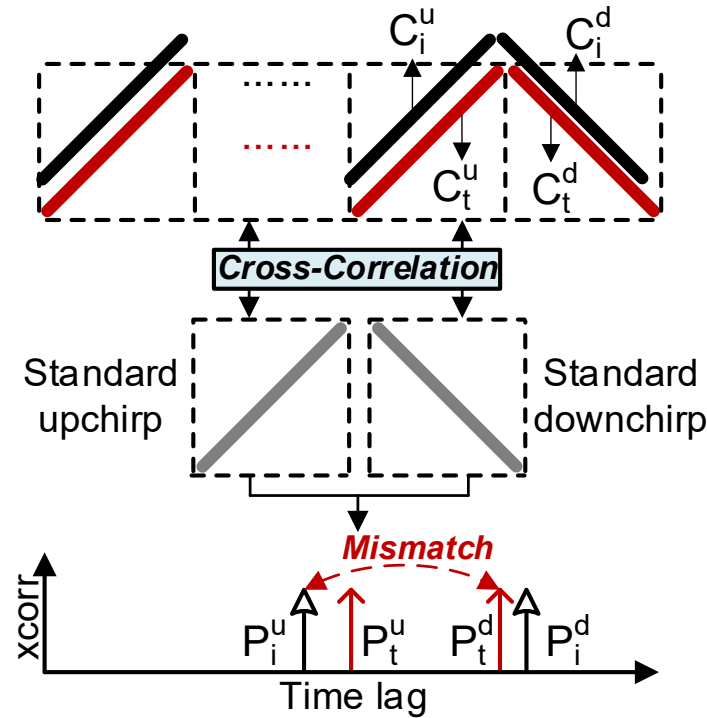
*For target chirp, the energy loss is predictable.  
For interfering chirps, the energy loss is random.*

# Challenge 1: how to capture target packet?

Packets in same BW confuse the detection of target packet

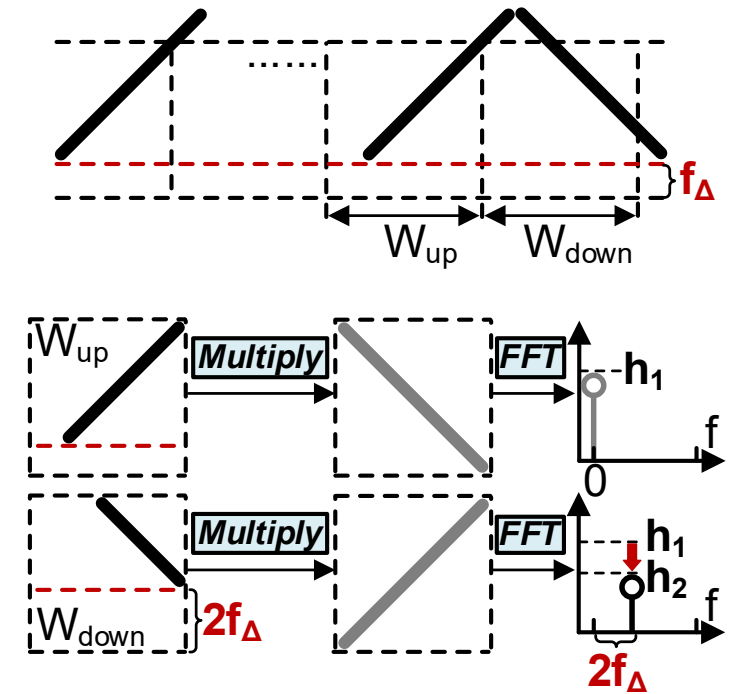


Correlation based method



**Cannot match upchirp and downchirp for one packet**

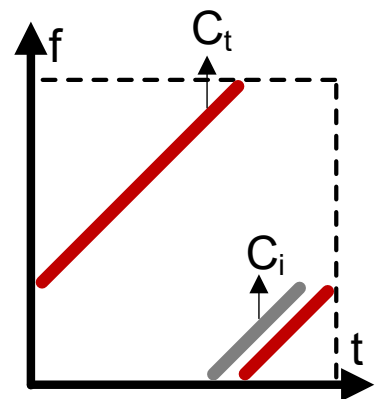
Frequency shift based method (Our solution)



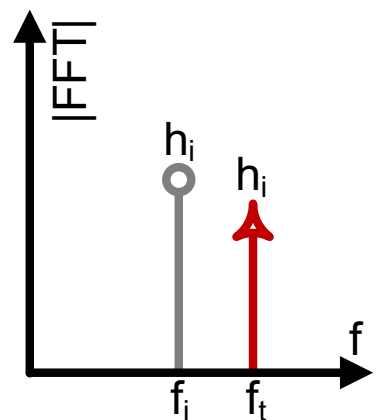
**Construct frequency shift to match upchirp and downchirp**

# Challenge 2: which elimination is valid?

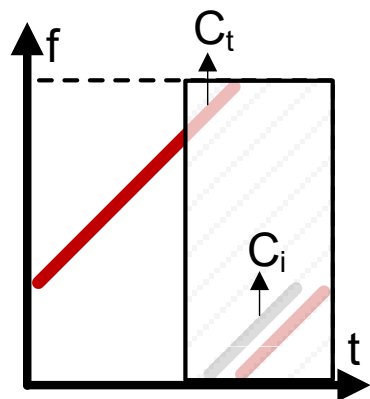
Invalid signal elimination cause demodulation failure under noise



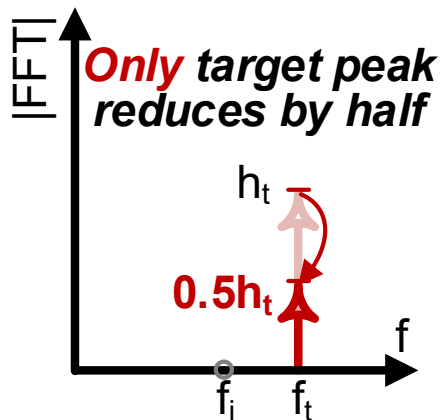
Despreading  
& FFT



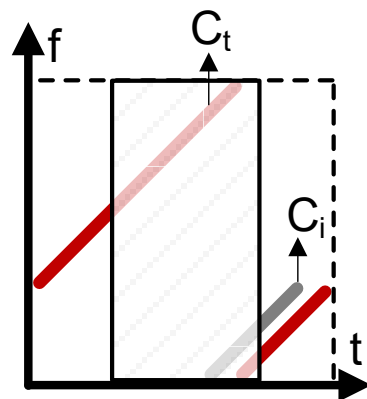
(a) Collided Chirps



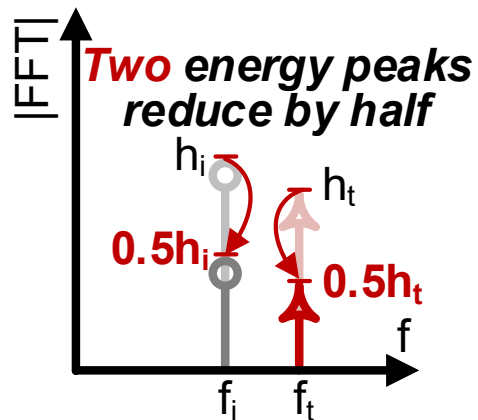
Despreading  
& FFT



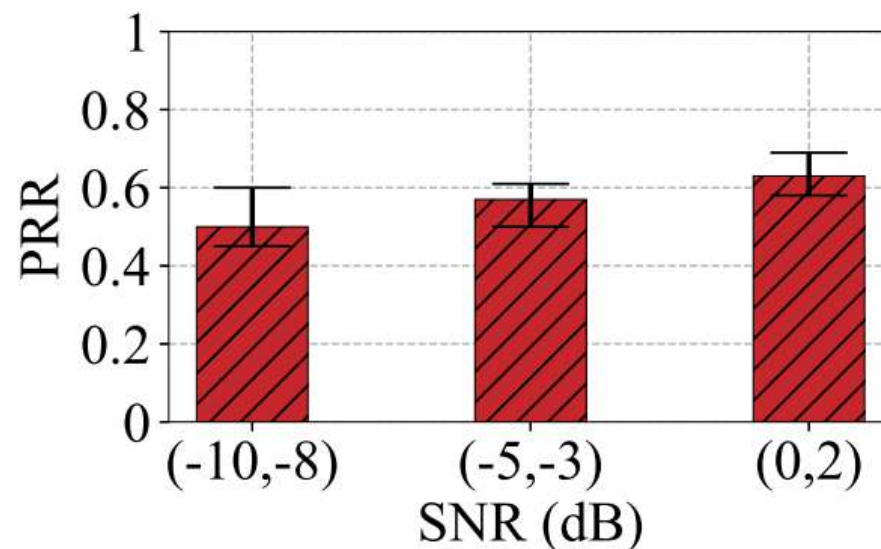
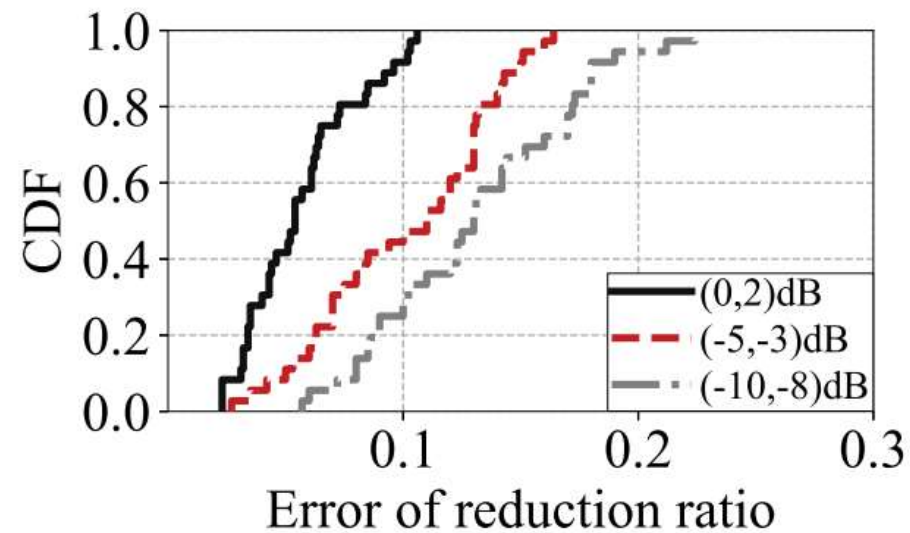
(b) Valid Elimination



Despreading  
& FFT

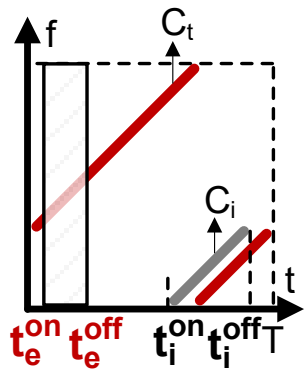


(c) Invalid Elimination

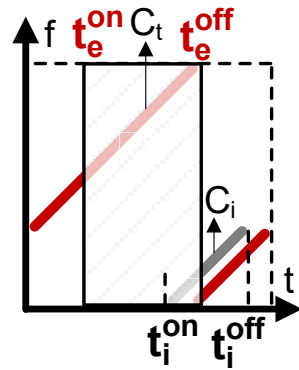


# Challenge 2: which elimination is valid?

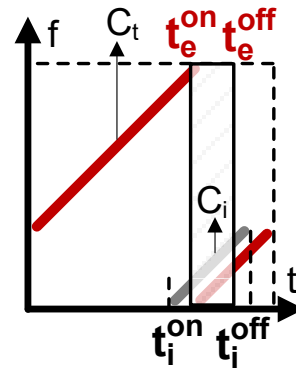
## Solution: signal elimination modeling



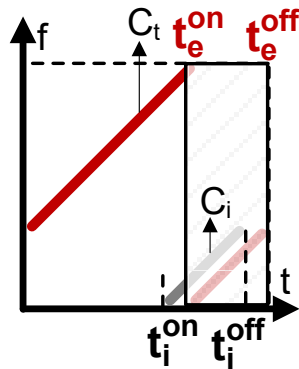
(a) Case 1



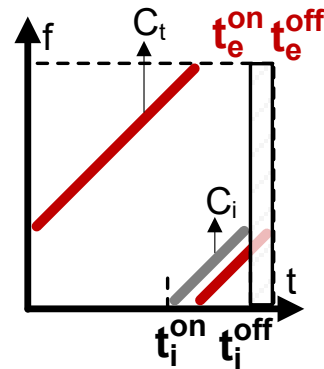
(b) Case 2



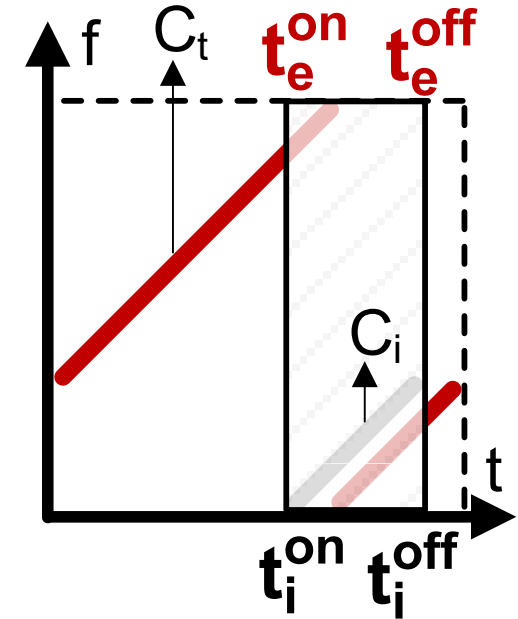
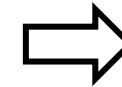
(c) Case 3



(d) Case 4



(e) Case 5



$$t_e^{\text{on}} = t_i^{\text{on}}$$

$$t_e^{\text{off}} = t_i^{\text{off}}$$

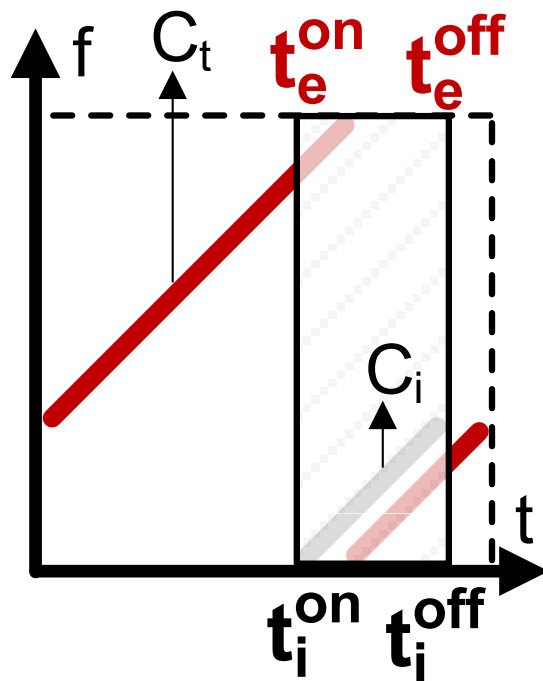
**Optimal: Signal elimination completely overlaps with the interfering chirp**

$t_e^{\text{on}}$  &  $t_e^{\text{off}}$ : onset and offset time of elimination

$t_i^{\text{on}}$  &  $t_i^{\text{off}}$ : onset and offset time of interfering chirp

# Challenge 3: how to efficiently achieve valid elimination?

The optimal elimination position cannot be directly obtained



*The onset and offset time of interfering chirp is unknown.*

## Noise estimation

Measures the SNR of target packet by using 8 upchirps in preamble.



## Step size setting

Select suitable step size and interval according to the channel noise.

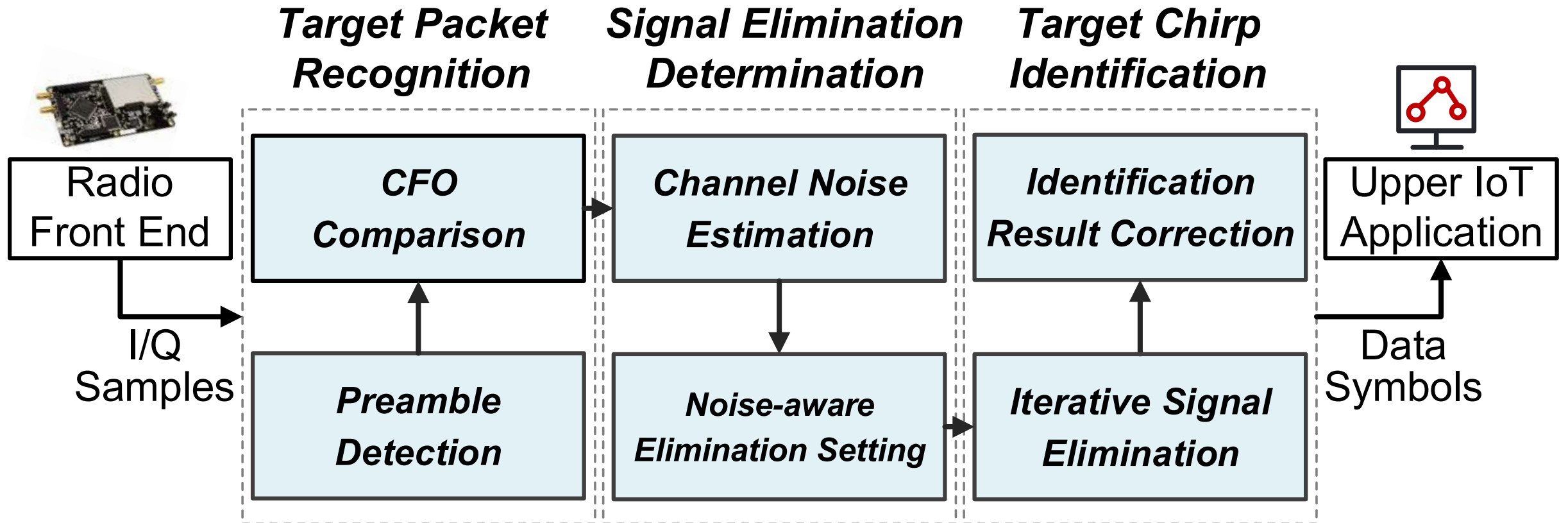


## Candidate position searching

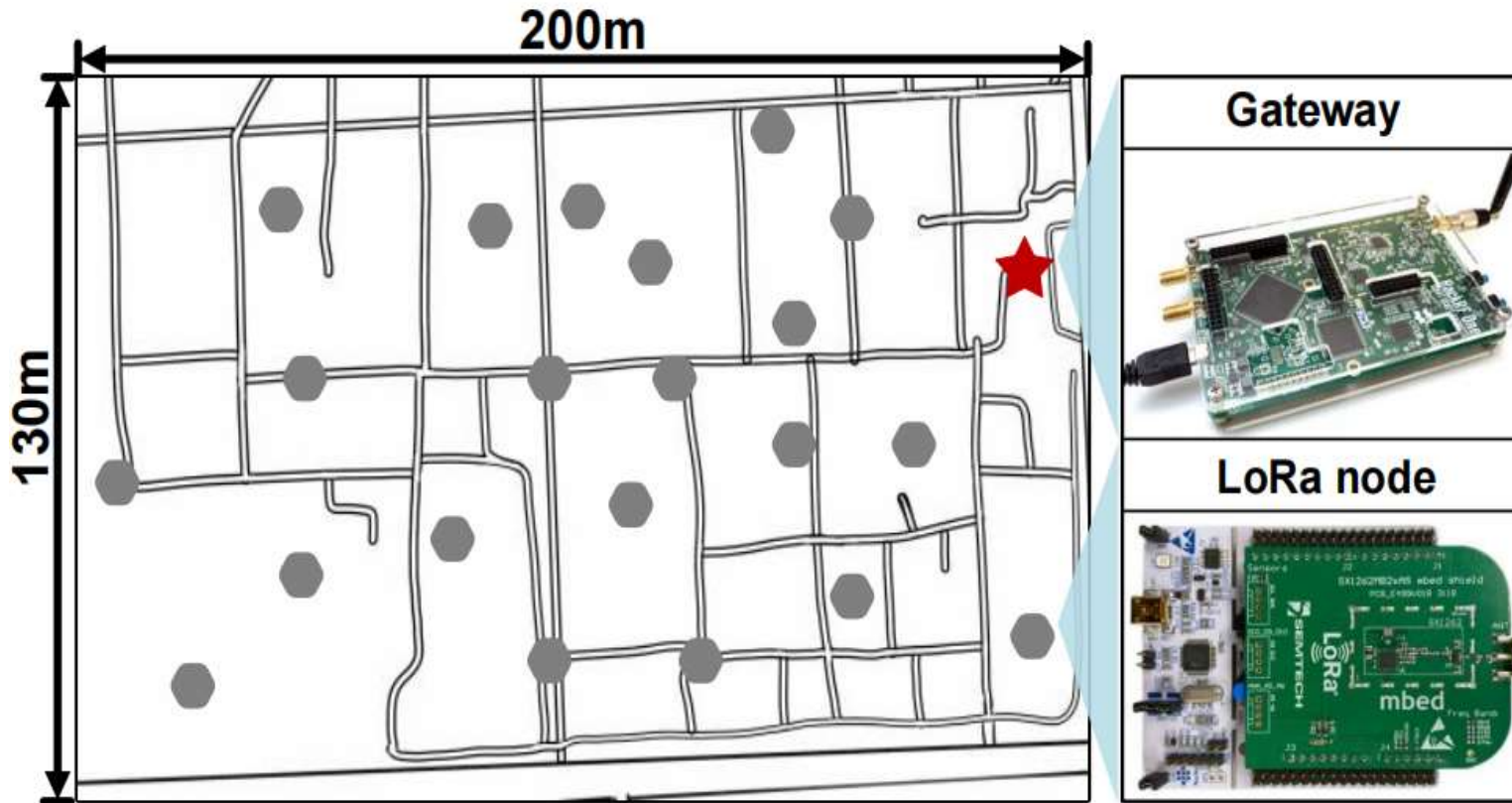
Search the positions used in multiple rounds of elimination.

*Our solution: use multiple rounds of elimination to approximate optimal elimination*

# Overview of Hole



# Evaluation: experimental setup



## SDR based gateway:

- Hardware: USRP B210+PC
- Software: GnuRadio.

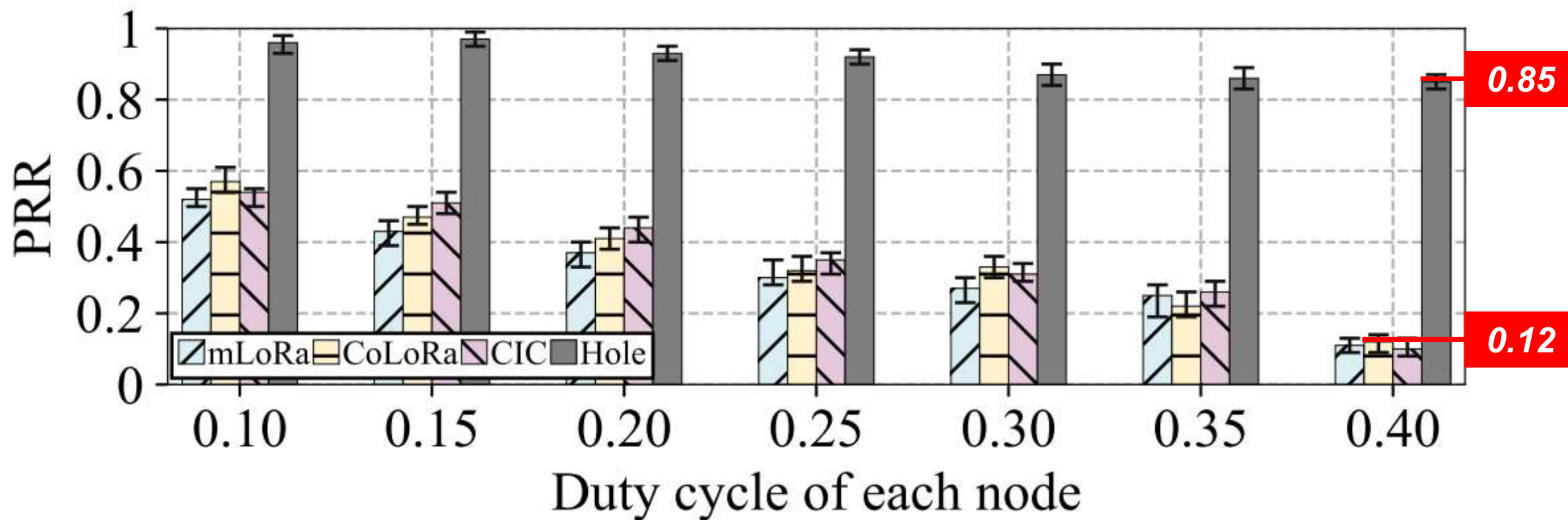
## Commercial LoRa node:

- MCU: STM32L073RZ
- Transceiver: SX1262.

## Baselines for comparison:

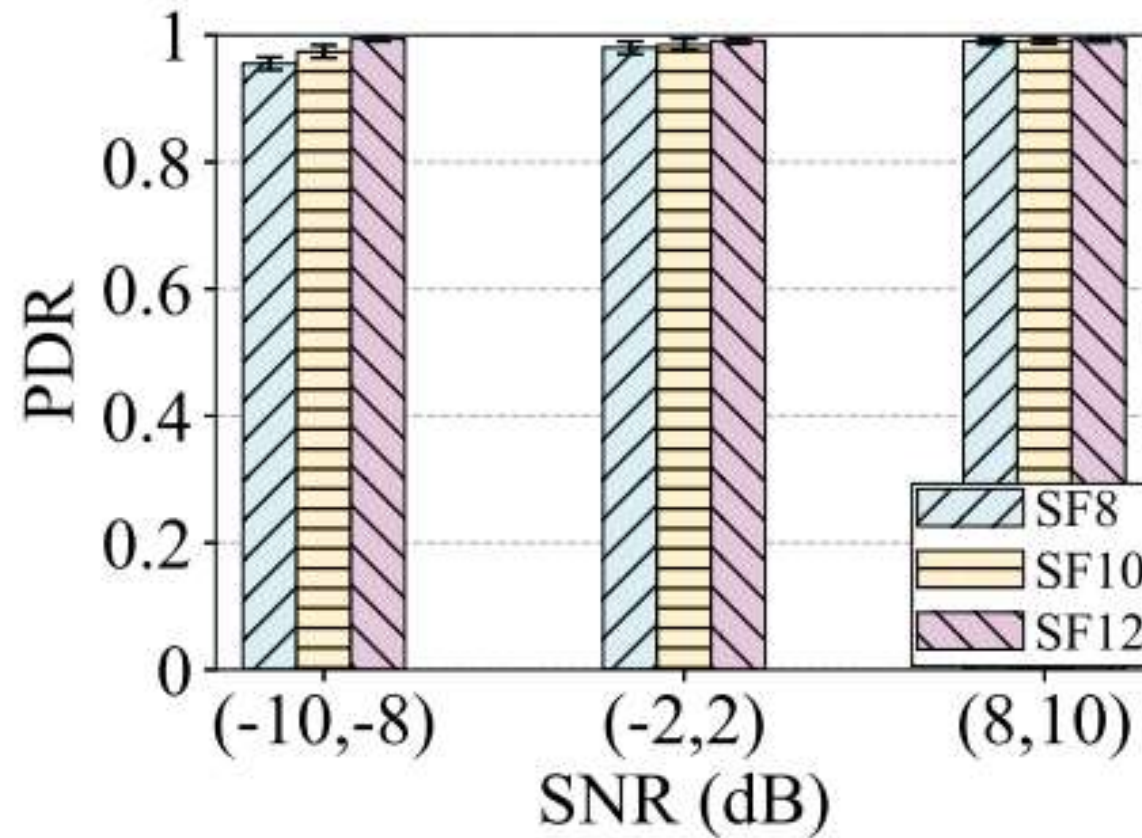
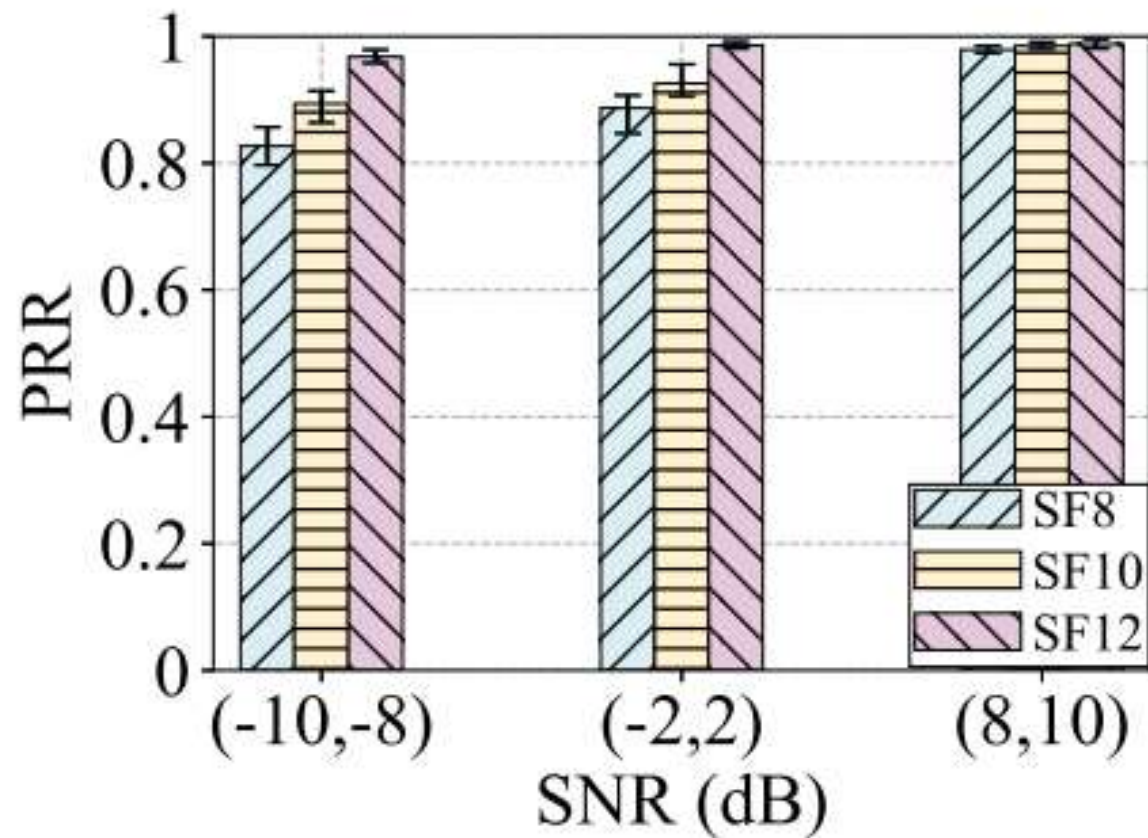
- CoLoRa (INFOCOM 2020)
- CIC (SIGCOMM 2022)
- MLoRa (ICNP 2019)

# Evaluation: different duty cycle



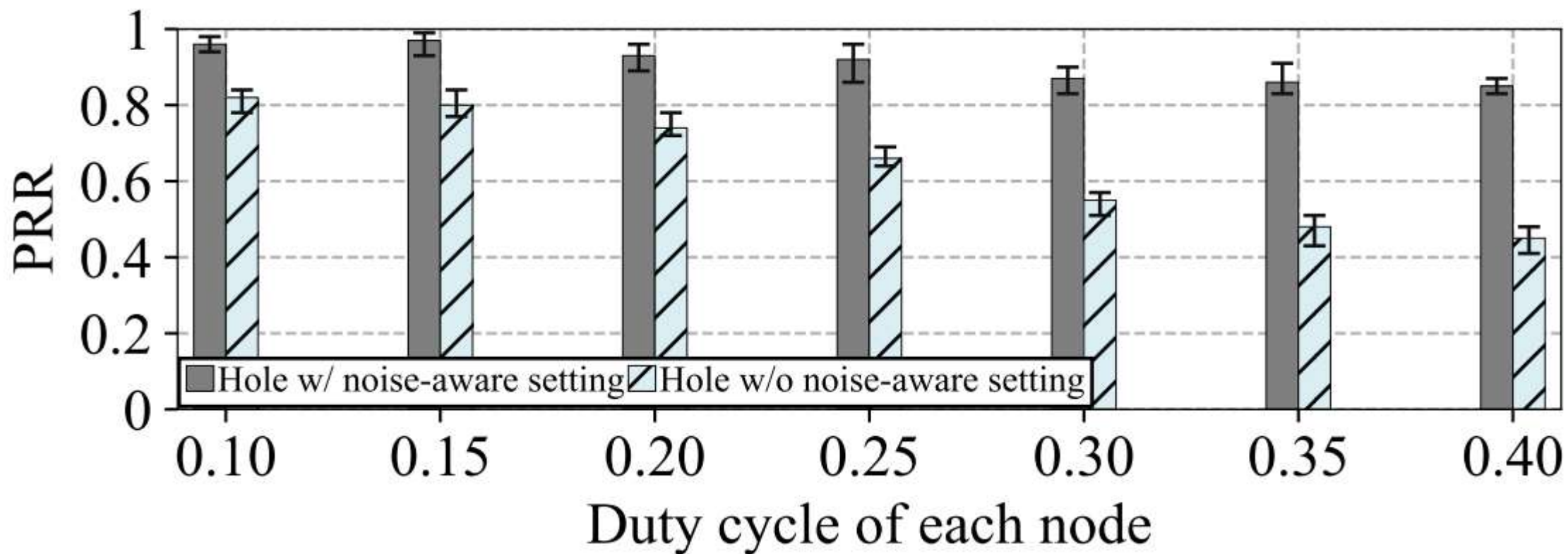
**Hole can significantly improve the transmission reliability.**

# Evaluation: different SNR



**Hole can achieve stable performance under different SNR.**

# Evaluation: ablation study



**The noise-aware elimination searching is efficient.**

# | Conclusion

The contribution of this paper is summarized as follow:

- We reveal **overlapping channel interference (OCI)** in LoRa.
- We propose **Hole**, which constructs the feature for decoding by **the novel operation named signal elimination** that can extract the differences in chirps' time-domain distributions.
- Compared to state-of-the-art methods, Hole improves PRR by up to **7.5×** under the impact of OCI.



**Thanks for listening!**  
**Q&A**

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