Network Architectures 3329
Spring 2018
04/18/2018

Name:
Homework 5
Due 04/25/2018

- Print your name.

| Problem |  | Points | Score |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 |  |
|  | 2 | 2 |  |
|  | 3 | 2 |  |
|  | 4 | 2 |  |
|  | 5 | 2 |  |
| Total: |  | 10 |  |



1. Consider the network shown in the above. Using Dijkstras algorithm, and showing your work using a table similar to the following table, do the following:

| step | $N^{\prime}$ | $D(v), p(v)$ | $D(w), p(w)$ | $D(x), p(x)$ | $D(y), p(y)$ | $D(z), p(z)$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | $u$ | $2, u$ | $5, u$ | $1, u$ | $\infty$ | $\infty$ |
| 1 | ux | $2, u$ | $4, x$ |  | $2, x$ | $\infty$ |
| 2 | uxy | $2, u$ | $3, y$ |  |  | $4, y$ |
| 3 | uxyv |  | $3, y$ |  |  | $4, y$ |
| 4 | uxyww |  |  |  |  | $4, y$ |
| 5 | uxywwz |  |  |  |  |  |

(a) (1 point) Compute the shortest path from x to all network nodes.
$\square$
(b) (1 point) Compute the shortest path from w to all network nodes.

2. (2 points) Consider the network shown below, and assume that each node initially knows the costs to each of its neighbors. Consider the distance-vector algorithm and show the distance table entries at node z at the 3rd iteration of computation (The initial distance table is counted as the 1st iteration).

$\square$
3. Consider the network shown below. Suppose AS3 and AS2 are running OSPF for their intra-AS routing protocol. Suppose AS1 and AS4 are running RIP for their intra-AS routing protocol. Suppose eBGP and iBGP are used for the inter-AS routing protocol. Initially suppose there is no physical link between AS2 and AS4.

(a) (1 point) Router 3c learns about prefix x from which routing protocol: OSPF, RIP, eBGP, or iBGP?
$\square$
(b) (1 point) Router 1c learns about x from which routing protocol?

4. (2 points) In the above figure, consider the path information that reaches stub networks W, X, and Y. Based on the information available at W and X , what is X 's view of the network topology? Justify your answer. The topology view at Y is shown below.

5. (2 points) Still consider the Figure of Problem 4, suppose that there is another stub network V that is a customer of ISP A. Suppose that B and C have a peering relationship, and A is a customer of both B and C. Suppose that A would like to have the traffic destined to W to come from B only, and the traffic destined to V from either B or C . How should A advertise its routes to B and C ? What AS routes does C receive?
$\square$

