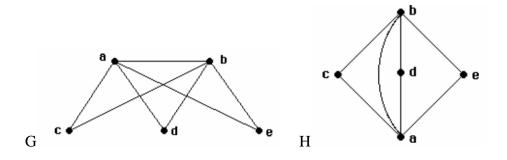
1. Determine whether the given pair of graphs is isomorphic. Exhibit an isomorphism or provide a rigorous argument that none exists.



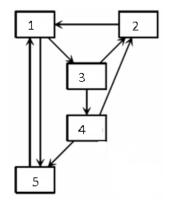
2. Prove that that $n^2 < n!$. Clearly state the basis step and inductive hypothesis. Show your work.

- 3. (a) How many vertices and how many edges are in this graph?
- (b) Is this graph planar? Justify your answer.(c) Does this graph have an Euler circuit? Justify your answer.
- (d) What is the chromatic number of this graph?

G1: K_5

- G2: C_4
- G3 K_{5,5}

4. For the web graph shown below write the link matrix A that expresses the system of PageRank linear equations in the form Ax = x, where $x = [x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5]^T$. Is the matrix M = (1 - m)A + mS for m=0.25 column-stochastic? Justify your answer.



5.

(a) (5pts) Construct a graph for the finite state automation $M=(S,\Sigma,\delta,s0,F)$, where $S=\{s0, s1, s2, s3\}$, $\Sigma=\{0,1\}$, $F=\{s2\}$ and the transition function δ is given by the table. (b) (5pts) Describe the language recognized by this finite state automation. You can describe it as a regular expression, a set, or in natural language.

state	Input: 0	Input: 1
s0	sO	s1
s1	s1	s2
s2	s2	s3
s3	s3	s3

6. What is the language generated by the grammar with productions $S \rightarrow SA, S \rightarrow 0, A \rightarrow 1A$, and $A \rightarrow 1$, where S is the start symbol?

7. Find a grammar for the set { $0^{2n}1^n | n \ge 0$ }. Is your grammar regular, context free or context sensitive?

8. Construct a finite-state machine with output that produces a 1 if and only if the last three input bits read are all 0s, otherwise it should procure 0s.

9. Construct a deterministic finite-state automaton (with no output) that recognizes the set of all bit strings that end with 10.

10. Use the method of Gaussian elimination to find x for the system of linear equations Ax=b, where A and b are given below. Show your work.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 2 & 6 & 11 \end{bmatrix}, b = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

11. Use method of Gaussian elimination to find the determinant of matrix B given below. What is the rank of B? Show your work. $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & 3 \\ -6 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

12. Find the eigenvalues and the eigenvectors of these two matrices. Show your work.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad A + I = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

13. Construct a Turing machine that recognizes the set of all bit strings that contain at least two 1s.

14. Provide a pseudo code of an algorithm that takes a list of *n* integers (n > 1) and finds the average value of the largest integer and the smallest integer in the list. What is its worst case time complexity in the terms of the number of comparisons? Justify your answer.

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