CIS 2166 HW1 for Matrix Algebra

Given are the following matrices:

 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 6 & 5 \\ 8 & 4 & 3 \\ 7 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad E = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

+1. What is (it may be undefined):

A + 2B $(A - B)^{T}$ $B^{*}B^{*}C$ $C^{*}C^{T}$ $D^{*}A$ $A^{*}D^{*}C$ $C^{T*}D$ $D+D^{T}$ $(D+D^{T})^{T}$ $D^{*}D$

2. You can easily manipulate with rows and columns of a matrix by multiplying it with another matrix. You will see how by answering the following questions.

a) Show that multiplying D from left with E, E*D, transforms matrix D such that its first row is multiplied by two, and its second and third rows are swapped.

b) How does multiplying D from right with E, D*E, transform matrix D?

c) Create matrix E, such that multiplying D from left with E, E*D, transforms D such that its second row is divided by 2 and its first and third rows are swapped.

d) Create matrix E, such that multiplying D from left with E, E*D, transforms D such that its second row is the original second row minus the original first row of D.