CIS 1068 Practice Problems: Variable, expression, and I/O

1. For the following program, please mark the errors and provide the correction (directly on answer sheet, no need for source code submission). See slides 6-19 as reference. Note you will lose points if you make any unnecessary change.

```
Public Welcome {
    Static main (String args [ ])
    {
        print ("Welcome to CIS 1068)
        println ( " \"It\\'s fun to play \" ")
}
```

2. Check if the following names can be a valid variable name. Answer true or false in (). See slide 28 as reference.

```
a)
                             a2
b)
                             2a
c)
                             n\
d)
                             \n
                             $2
e)
                             2$
f)
                             a$
g)
                             $
h)
                             2
i)
i)
                             a=b
```

3. Check if the following statement is a valid assignment. Answer true or false in (). See slides 42-43 as reference.

```
a)
                            2 = a
b)
                            2a = 2
                            system.out.print = 1+4
c)
d)
                            a = a
                            a = a - * b
e)
f)
                            a = a * - b
                            a = 2b
g)
h)
                            a + b = c
                            -b=c
i)
j)
                            a = b2
```

4. Understanding code. Draw what the computer's memory looks like at the end of each of these programs (see slides 26, 38, and 43 as reference) public class Expressions Declarations { public static void main(String [] args) { int x; double y; String s; X } public class Expressions_Assignment { public static void main(String [] args) { int x = 7, y = 9; double z = x; x = 8;y = y - 3;} } public class Expressions IntDiv { public static void main(String [] args) { int x = 3; double y = x / 4; } public class Expressions OrderOfOps { public static void main(String [] args) { int x = 1 + 2 * 3 - 4; } }

public class Expressions Modulus {

int x = 3, int y = 7 % x; int z = x % 2; y = y % 1; z = x % 0;

}

}

public static void main(String [] args) {

```
public class Expressions TypeConversions {
     public static void main(String [] args) {
            double x = 1.0;
           double y = 1;
           double z = y + 1;
           x = 1 / z;
           int a = (int) x;
           a = a + x;
      }
}
public class Expressions StringConcatenations {
     public static void main(String [] args) {
            String s = "hello";
           String t = "15";
           s = 9.5 + s;
           t = t + 10;
           t = t + "5";
public class Expressions WithPrintln {
     public static void main(String [] args) {
            String s = "hello";
           String t = "115";
           int a = 7 / 3;
           double d = 6.0 / a;
            System.out.println("what is a? " + a);
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Expressions Scanner {
     public static void main(String [] args) {
            Scanner kb = new Scanner(System.in);
                                                                        screen (input via keyboard)
           int x = kb.nextInt();
                                                                             24
           double y = kb.nextDouble();
                                                                             33.33
            String s = kb.next();
                                                                             ha
            System.out.println(s + y + z);
}
```

5. Write the following 2 Programs with Expressions and submit the source code.

- a. (KeyboardInput.java) Write statements to put inside the main method that answer each of the following questions.
 - i. Create an int variable to store the number 7. Create a double to the same value as the int, converted to a double.
 - ii. Create a Scanner variable (in order to read information from the keyboard). Read an int from the keyboard, and store it in a different variable. Read a String from the keyboard, and store it another different variable. Print both variables to the screen.
 - iii. Read in two ints from the keyboard, and print the sum to the screen.
- b. (TipCalculation.java) Develop a program to read in two numbers (i.e., one is the amount of restaurant bill and the other is the percentage of the tip) via keyboard.120 stands for \$120.00 and 15 stands for 15% of tip. Then, the program will print the amount of tip. No need for GUI here.